1	WILLIAM L. ANTHONY (State Bar No. 1069	08)	
2	ERIC L. WESENBERG (State Bar No. 139696 MARK R. WEINSTEIN (State Bar No. 193043		
	ORRICK, HERRINGTON & SUTCLIFFE, LL 1000 Marsh Road	P	
3	Menlo Park, CA 94025		
4	Telephone: (650) 614-7400 Facsimile: (650) 614-7401		
5	CONTROL AT EN ANDER (-imited Due Hae V	inal	
6	STEVEN ALEXANDER (admitted Pro Hac Vi KRISTIN L. CLEVELAND (admitted Pro Hac	· Vice)	
7	JAMES E. GERINGER (admitted <i>Pro Hac Vic</i> JOHN D. VANDENBERG	е) .	
8	KLARQUIST SPARKMAN, LLP One World Trade Center, Suite 1600		
9	121 S.W. Salmon Street Portland, OR 97204		
10	Telephone: (503) 226-7391 Facsimile: (503) 228-9446		
11	,		
12	Attorneys for Defendant and Counterclaimant, MICROSOFT CORPORATION		
	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
13	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
14	OAKI	AND DIVISION	
15			
16	INTERTRUST TECHNOLOGIES	CASE NO. C01-1640 SBA	
17	CORPORATION, a Delaware corporation, Plaintiff,	MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND	
18	v.	COUNTERCLAIMS TO	
19	MICROSOFT CORPORATION, a	INTERTRUST'S THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT	
20	Washington corporation,		
21	Defendant.		
22	MICROSOFT CORPORATION, a Washington corporation,		
	Counterclaimant,		
23	v.		
24	INTERTRUST TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION, a Delaware corporation,	·	
25	Counter Claim-Defendant.		
26			
27			

DOCSSV1:165989.1

MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO INTERTRUST'S THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT: CASE NO. C 01-1640 SBA

Complaint of InterTrust Technologies Corporation ("InterTrust") as follows: 2 Microsoft admits that the Third Amended Complaint purports to state a 3 cause of action under the patent laws of the United States, 35 United States Code, §§ 271 and 4 281. Microsoft denies that it has infringed or now infringes the patents asserted against Microsoft 5 in the Third Amended Complaint. Microsoft denies any and all remaining allegations of 6 paragraph 1 of the Third Amended Complaint. 7 Microsoft admits that the Third Amended Complaint purports to state a 8 cause of action over which this Court has subject matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 9 1338(a). 10 Microsoft admits, for purposes of this action only, that venue is proper in 3. 11 this judicial district. Microsoft denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 3 of the 12 Third Amended Complaint. 13 On information and belief, Microsoft admits the allegations of paragraph 4 4. 14 of the Third Amended Complaint. 15 Microsoft admits the allegations of paragraph 5 of the Third Amended 5. 16 Complaint. 17 Microsoft admits, for purposes of this action only, that it transacts business 6. 18 in this judicial district. Microsoft denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 6 of the 19 Third Amended Complaint. 20 Microsoft admits that on its face the title page of U.S. Patent No. 6,185,683 7. 21 B1 ("the '683 Patent") states that it was issued February 6, 2001, is entitled "Trusted and secure 22 techniques, systems and methods for item delivery and execution," and lists "InterTrust 23 Technologies Corp." as the assignee. Microsoft denies that the '683 Patent was duly and lawfully 24 issued. Microsoft further denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 7 of the Third 25 Amended Complaint.

Defendant Microsoft Corporation ("Microsoft") answers the Third Amended

MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO INTERTRUST'S THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT: CASE NO. C 01-1640 SBA

26

1

27 28

ORRICK HERRINGTON

& SUTCLIFFE LLP

7

8

9 10

11 12

13 14

15

16

17 18

19

20 21

23 24

25

26

27

ORRICK HERRINGTON SUTCLIFFE LLP

- Microsoft admits that on its face the title page of U.S. Patent No. 6,253,193 8. B1 ("the '193 Patent") states that it was issued June 26, 2001, is entitled "Systems and methods for the secure transaction management and electronic rights protection," and lists "InterTrust Technologies Corporation" as the assignee. Microsoft denies that the '193 Patent was duly and lawfully issued. Microsoft further denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 8 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- Microsoft admits that on its face the title page of U.S. Patent No. 5,940,504 9. ("the '504 Patent") states that it was issued August 17, 1999, and is entitled "Licensing management system and method in which datagrams including an address of a licensee and indicative of use of a licensed product are sent from the licensee's site." Microsoft denies that the '504 Patent was duly and lawfully issued. Microsoft lacks sufficient information to admit or deny any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 9 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- Microsoft admits that on its face the title page of U.S. Patent No. 5,920,861 10. ("the '861 Patent") states that it was issued July 6, 1999, is entitled "Techniques for defining using and manipulating rights management data structures," and lists "InterTrust Technologies Corp." as the assignee. Microsoft denies that the '861 Patent was duly and lawfully issued. Microsoft further denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 10 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- Microsoft admits that on its face the title page of U.S. Patent No. 5,892,900 11. ("the '900 Patent") states that it was issued April 6, 1999, is entitled "Systems and methods for secure transaction management and electronic rights protection," and lists "InterTrust Technologies Corp." as the assignee. Microsoft denies that the '900 Patent was duly and lawfully issued. Microsoft further denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 11 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- Microsoft admits that on its face the title page of U.S. Patent No. 5,982,891 12. ("the '891 Patent") states that it was issued November 9, 1999, is entitled "Systems and methods for secure transaction management and electronic rights protection," and lists "InterTrust Technologies Corp." as the assignee. Microsoft denies that the '891 Patent was duly and lawfully MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND DOCSSV1:160096.1

cause of action under 35 U.S.C. §§ 271 and 281. Microsoft denies that it has infringed or now

-3-

MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND

COUNTERCLAIMS TO INTERTRUST'S THIRD AMENDED

COMPLAINT: CASE NO. C 01-1640 SBA

28 ORRICK HERRINGTON & SUTCLIFFE LLP

DOCSSV1:160096.1

3

4

5

7

1	infringes the patents asserted against Microsoft in the Third Amended Complaint. Microsoft	
2	denies any and all rema	nining allegations of paragraph 22 of the Third Amended Complaint.
3	23. N	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 23 of the Third
4	Amended Complaint.	
5	24. N	Vicrosoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 24 of the Third
6.	Amended Complaint.	
7	25. N	Vicrosoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 25 of the Third
8	Amended Complaint.	
9	26. · 1	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 26 of the Third
10	Amended Complaint.	
11	27. I	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 27 of the Third
12	Amended Complaint.	·
13	28. 1	Microsoft repeats and reasserts its responses to paragraphs 1-6 and 9 of the
14	Third Amended Compl	aint, as if fully restated herein.
15	29. 1	Microsoft admits that the Third Amended Complaint purports to state a
16	cause of action under 3	5 U.S.C. §§ 271 and 281. Microsoft denies that it has infringed or now
17	infringes the patents asserted against Microsoft in the Third Amended Complaint. Microsoft	
18	denies any and all rema	nining allegations of paragraph 29 of the Third Amended Complaint.
19	30. I	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 30 of the Third
20	Amended Complaint.	
21	31. 1	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 31 of the Third
22	Amended Complaint.	
23	32. 1	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 32 of the Third
24	Amended Complaint.	
25	33. 1	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 33 of the Third
26	Amended Complaint.	
27	34. 1	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 34 of the Third
28	Amended Complaint. DOCSSV1:160096.1	Microsoft Corporation's Amended Answer and

MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO INTERTRUST'S THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT: CASE NO. C 01-1640 SBA

•	
. 2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	

35.	Microsoft repeats and reasserts its responses to paragraphs 1-6 and 10 of
the Third Amended	Complaint, as if fully restated herein.

- 36. Microsoft admits that the Third Amended Complaint purports to state a cause of action under 35 U.S.C. §§ 271 and 281. Microsoft denies that it has infringed or now infringes the patents asserted against Microsoft in the Third Amended Complaint. Microsoft denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 36 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 37. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 37 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 38. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 38 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 39. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 39 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 40. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 40 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 41. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 41 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 42. Microsoft repeats and reasserts its responses to paragraphs 1-6 and 11 of the Third Amended Complaint, as if fully restated herein.
- 43. Microsoft admits that the Third Amended Complaint purports to state a cause of action under 35 U.S.C. §§ 271 and 281. Microsoft denies that it has infringed or now infringes the patents asserted against Microsoft in the Third Amended Complaint. Microsoft denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 43 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 44. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 44 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 45. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 45 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 46. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 46 of the Third

 Amended Complaint.

 DOCSSVI:160096.1 MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER.

n		
1	47. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 47 of the Third	
2	Amended Complaint.	
3	48. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 48 of the Third	
4	Amended Complaint.	
5	49. Microsoft repeats and reasserts its responses to paragraphs 1-6 and 12 c	of
6	the Third Amended Complaint, as if fully restated herein.	
7	50. Microsoft admits that the Third Amended Complaint purports to state a	1
8	cause of action under 35 U.S.C. §§ 271 and 281. Microsoft denies that it has infringed or nov	×
9	infringes the patents asserted against Microsoft in the Third Amended Complaint. Microsoft	
10	denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 50 of the Third Amended Complaint.	
11	51. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 51 of the Third	
12	Amended Complaint.	
13	52. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 52 of the Third	
14	Amended Complaint.	
15	53. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 53 of the Third	
16	Amended Complaint.	
17	54. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 54 of the Third	
18	Amended Complaint.	
19	55. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 55 of the Third	
20	Amended Complaint.	
21	56. Microsoft repeats and reasserts its responses to paragraphs 1-6 and 13	of
22	the Third Amended Complaint, as if fully restated herein.	
23	57. Microsoft admits that the Third Amended Complaint purports to state	a
24	cause of action under 35 U.S.C. §§ 271 and 281. Microsoft denies that it has infringed or no	W
25	infringes the patents asserted against Microsoft in the Third Amended Complaint. Microsoft	Ĺ
26	denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 57 of the Third Amended Complaint.	
27	58. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 58 of the Third	
28	Amended Complaint. DOCSSV1:160096.1 MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER A	W D

1	59. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 59 of the Third
2	Amended Complaint.
3	60. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 60 of the Third
4	Amended Complaint.
5	61. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 61 of the Third
6	Amended Complaint.
7	62. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 62 of the Third
8	Amended Complaint.
9	AFFIRMATIVE AND OTHER DEFENSES
10	Further answering the Third Amended Complaint, Microsoft asserts the following
11	defenses. Microsoft reserves the right to amend its answer with additional defenses as further
12	information is obtained.
13	First Defense: Noninfringement of the Asserted Patents
14	63. Microsoft has not infringed, contributed to the infringement of, or induced
15	the infringement of U.S. Patent No. 6,185,683 B1 ("the '683 Patent"), U.S. Patent No. 6,253,193
16	B1 ("the '193 Patent"), U.S. Patent No. 5,940,504 ("the '504 Patent"), U.S. Patent No. 5,920,861
17	("the '861 Patent"), U.S. Patent No. 5,892,900 ("the '900 Patent"), U.S. Patent No. 5,982,891
18	("the '891 Patent"), or U.S. Patent No. 5,917,912 ("the '912 Patent"), and is not liable for
19	infringement thereof.
20	64. Any and all Microsoft products or methods that are accused of
21	infringement have substantial uses that do not infringe and therefore cannot induce or contribute
22	to the infringement of the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900
23	Patent, the '891 Patent, or the '912 Patent.
24	Second Defense: Invalidity of the Asserted Patents
25	65. On information and belief, the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent
26	the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the '891 Patent, and the '912 Patent are invalid for failing to
27	comply with the provisions of the Patent Laws, Title 35 U.S.C., including without limitation one
28	or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103 and 112.
ORRICK HERRINGTON & SUTCLIFFE LLP SILICON VALLEY	DOCSSV1:160096.1 MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO INTERTRUST'S THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT: CASE NO. C 01-1640 SBA

Third Defense: Unavailability of Relief

66. On information and belief, Plaintiff has failed to plead and meet the requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) and (c) and is not entitled to any alleged damages prior to providing any actual notice to Microsoft of the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the '891 Patent, or the '912 Patent.

Fourth Defense: Unavailability of Relief

67. On information and belief, Plaintiff has failed to plead and meet the requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 284 for enhanced damages and is not entitled to any damages prior to providing any actual-notice to Microsoft of the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the '891 Patent, and/or the '912 Patent and any alleged infringement thereof.

Fifth Defense: Unavailability of Relief

68. On information and belief, Plaintiff has failed to plead and meet the requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 287, and has otherwise failed to show that it is entitled to any damages.

Sixth Defense: Prosecution History Estoppel

69. Plaintiff's alleged causes of action for patent infringement are barred under the doctrine of prosecution history estoppel, and Plaintiff is estopped from claiming that the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the '891 Patent, and/or the '912 Patent covers or includes any accused Microsoft product or method.

Seventh Defense: Dedication to the Public

70. Plaintiff has dedicated to the public all methods, apparatus, and products disclosed in the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the '891 Patent, and/or the '912 Patent, but not literally claimed therein, and is estopped from claiming infringement by any such public domain methods, apparatus, and products.

Eighth Defense: Use/Manufacture By/For United States Government

71. To the extent that any accused product has been used or manufactured by or for the United States, Plaintiff's claims and demands for relief are barred by 28 U.S.C. § 1498.

DOCSSV1:160096.1 MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND

ORRICK
HERRINGTON
& SUTCLIFFE LLP
SILICON VALLEY

- 9

1	Ninth Desense: License
2	72. To the extent that any of Plaintiff's allegations of infringement are
3	premised on the alleged use, sale, offer for sale, license or offer of license of products that were
4	manufactured by or for a licensee of InterTrust and/or provided by or to Microsoft by or to a
5	licensee of InterTrust, such allegations are barred pursuant to license.
6	Tenth Defense: Acquiescence
7	73. Plaintiff has acquiesced in at least a substantial part of the Microsoft
8	conduct alleged to infringe.
9	Eleventh Defense: Laches
10	74. Plaintiff's claims for relief are barred, in whole or in part, by the equitable
11	doctrine of laches.
12	Twelfth Defense: Inequitable Conduct
13	75. The '861 Patent claims are unenforceable due to inequitable conduct,
14	including those acts and failures to act set forth in Microsoft's Counterclaim for Declaratory
15	Judgment of Unenforceability of the '861 Patent, set forth below.
16	Thirteenth Defense: Inequitable Conduct
17	76. The '900 Patent claims are unenforceable due to inequitable conduct,
18	including those acts and failures to act set forth in Microsoft's Counterclaim for Declaratory
19	Judgment of Unenforceability of the '900 Patent, set forth below.
20	Fourteenth Defense: Unenforceability
21	77. The claims of the '891 Patent, the '912 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '683
22	Patent, the '193 Patent and the '900 Patent are unenforceable due to unclean hands, inequitable
23	conduct and misuse and illegal extension of the patent right, including those acts and failures to
24	act set forth in Count XI of Microsoft's Counterclaims, set forth below.
25	///
26	///
27	///
28	111

2

4 5

6

7 8

9

10 11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

2324

25

26

27

28

ORRICK
HERRINGTON
& SUTCLIFFE LLP

COUNTERCLAIMS

COUNT I - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF NONINFRINGEMENT

- 78. This action arises under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35 U.S.C. §§ 1, et seq. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this counterclaim under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1338, 2201, and 2202.
- 79. Microsoft Corporation ("Microsoft") is a Washington corporation with its principal place of business in Redmond, Washington.
- 80. On information and belief, Plaintiff/Counterclaim Defendant InterTrust Technologies Corporation ("InterTrust") is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business in Santa Clara, California.
- 81. InterTrust purports to be the owner of U.S. Patent Nos. 6,185,683 B1 ("the '683 Patent"), 6,253,193 B1 ("the '193 Patent"), 5,940,504 ("the '504 Patent"), 5,920,861 ("the '861 Patent"), U.S. Patent No. 5,892,900 ("the '900 Patent"), U.S. Patent No. 5,982,891 ("the '891 Patent"), and U.S. Patent No. 5,917,912 ("the '912 Patent").
- 82. InterTrust alleges that Microsoft has infringed the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the '891 Patent, and the '912 Patent.
- 83. No Microsoft product has infringed, either directly or indirectly, any claim of the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the '891 Patent, or the '912 Patent, and Microsoft is not liable for infringement thereof.
- 84. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202, exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to the infringement or noninfringement of the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the '891 Patent, and/or the '912 Patent.

COUNT II - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE '683 PATENT

85. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims, as if fully restated herein.

1	86. The '683 Patent, and each claim thereof, is invalid for failing to comply
2	with the provisions of the Patent Laws, including one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103 and 112.
3	87. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202,
4	exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to
5	whether the claims of the '683 Patent are valid or invalid.
6	COUNT III - DECLARATORY
7	JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE '193 PATENT
8	88. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims as if
9	fully restated herein.
10	89. The '193 Patent, and each claim thereof, is invalid for failing to comply
11	with the provisions of the Patent Laws, including one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103 and 112.
12	90. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202,
13	exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to
14	whether the claims of the '193 Patent are valid or invalid.
15	COUNT IV - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE '504 PATENT
16 17	91. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims as if
18	fully restated herein.
19	92. The '504 Patent, and each claim thereof, is invalid for failing to comply
20	with the provisions of the Patent Laws, including one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103 and 112.
21	93. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202,
22	exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to
23	whether the claims of the '504 Patent are valid or invalid.
24	COUNT V - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE '861 PATENT
25	JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE SUITATEMY
26	94. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims as if
27	fully restated herein.
28	Action Company and Assessment Ass
J	DOCSSV1:160096.1 MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND

-11-

ORRICK
HERRINGTON
& SUTCLIFFE LLP
SILICON VALLEY

MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO INTERTRUST'S THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT: CASE NO. C 01-1640 SBA

1	95. The '861 Patent, and each claim thereof, is invalid for failing to comply	
2	with the provisions of the Patent Laws, including one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103 and 112.	
3	96. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202,	
4	exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to	
5	whether the claims of the '861 Patent are valid or invalid.	
6	COUNT VI - DECLARATORY	
7	JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE '900 PATENT	
8	97. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims as if	
9	fully restated herein.	
10	98. The '900 Patent, and each claim thereof, is invalid for failing to comply	
11	with the provisions of the Patent Laws, including one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103, and 112.	
12	99. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202,	
13	exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to	
14	whether the claims of the '900 Patent are valid or invalid.	
15	COUNT VII - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE '891 PATENT	
16	JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE SHITATENY	
17	100. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims as if	
18	fully restated herein.	
19	101. The '891 Patent, and each claim thereof, is invalid for failing to comply	
20	with the provisions of the Patent Laws, including one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103, and 112.	
21	102. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202,	
22	exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to	
23	whether the claims of the '891 Patent are valid or invalid.	
24	COUNT VIII - DECLARATORY <u>JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE '912 PATENT</u>	
25	103. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims as if	
26	fully restated herein.	
27	104. The '912 Patent, and each claim thereof, is invalid for failing to comply	
28	with the provisions of the Patent Laws, including one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103, and 112. MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND	

An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202, 105. 1 exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to 2 whether the claims of the '912 Patent are valid or invalid. 3 COUNT IX - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT 4 OF UNENFORCEABILITY OF THE '861 PATENT 5 Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims, as if 106. 6 fully restated herein. 7 107. Claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804), and claims 8 1-101 of the '861 Patent, were not and are not entitled to the benefit of any application filing date 9 prior to February 25, 1997, under 35 U.S.C. § 120 or otherwise. 10 "Exhibit A" refers to the document attached as Exhibit A to Microsoft's 11 counterclaims filed in response to InterTrust's Second Amended Complaint (namely, a reprint of 12 an article entitled "DigiBox: A Self-Protecting Container for Information Commerce"). 13 On information and belief, the content of pages 2-14 of Exhibit A was 109. 14 presented at a public conference in the United States in July 1995. 15 and the second section of the second section of the second section is "Exhibit B" refers to the document attached as Exhibit B to Microsoft's 110. 16 counterclaims filed in response to InterTrust's Second Amended Complaint (namely, a copy of a 17 page from an International Application published under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT), 18 bearing International Publication Number WO 96/27155). 19 -----111. On information and belief, International Application WO 96/27155 has, at 20 all times since its filing date, been owned and controlled by InterTrust or its predecessors in 21 interest. 22 International Application WO 96/27155 (hereafter "the WO 96/27155 112. 23 (PCT) publication") was published on September 6, 1996. 24 United States Patent No. 5,910,987 ("the '987 Patent") issued on June 8, 113. 25 1999, from a continuation of an application filed on February 13, 1995. 26 The Sibert article is prior art to claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application 27 114.

ORRICK
HERRINGTON
& SUCCESSED LLP

(SN 08/805,804).

1	115.	The Sibert article is prior art to claims 1-101 of the '861 Patent under 35
2	U.S.C. § 102(b).	
3	116.	The WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication is prior art to claims 1-129 of the
4	'861 Patent applicati	on (SN 08/805,804).
5	117.	The WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication is prior art to claims 1-101 of the
6	'861 Patent under 35	U.S.C. § 102(a).
7	118.	The '987 Patent is prior art to claims 29-129 of the '861 Patent application
8	(SN 08/805,804).	
9	119.	The '987 Patent is prior art to claims 1-101 of the '861 Patent, under 35
10	U.S.C. § 102(e).	
11	120.	The Sibert article was material to the patentability of claim 1 of the '861
12	Patent application (S	IN 08/805,804).
13	121.	The Sibert article was material to the patentability of claims 2-129 of the
14	'861 Patent applicati	on (SN 08/805,804).
15	122.	The WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication was material to the patentability of
16	claim 1 of the '861 F	Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
17	123.	The WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication was material to the patentability of
18	claims 2-129 of the '	861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
19	124.	The '987 Patent was material to the patentability of claims 29-129 of the
20 -	*861 Patent applicati	on (SN 08/805,804).
21	125.	One or more of the '861 Patent applicants knew, while the '861 Patent
22	application (SN 08/8	05,804) was pending, of the July 1995 publication of the Sibert article.
23	126.	On information and belief, one or more of the '861 Patent applicants knew,
24	while the '861 Paten	t application (SN 08/805,804) was pending, of the September 1996
25	publication of the W	O 96/27155 (PCT) publication.
26	127.	On information and belief, one or more of the '861 Patent applicants knew,
27	while the '861 Paten	t application (SN 08/805,804) was pending, of the June 8, 1999 issuance of
28	the '987 Patent.	

	2
	. 3
	4
	5
	6
	7
	8
	9
	10
	11
	12
	13
	14
	15
	16
•	17
	18
	19
	20
	21
	22
	23
	24
	25
	26
	27
	28

1

٠	128.	On information and belief, one or more of the attorneys who prosecuted or
assisted in	n prosecuting	g the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) knew, while that application
was pendi	ng of the Ju	aly 1995 publication of the Sibert article.

- 129. One or more of the attorneys who prosecuted or assisted in prosecuting the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) knew, while that application was pending, of the September 1996 publication of the WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication.
- 130. One or more of the attorneys who prosecuted or assisted in prosecuting the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) knew, while that application was pending, of the June 8, 1999 issuance of the '987 Patent.
- 131. The applicants for the '861 Patent did not cite the Sibert article to the Patent Office as prior art to any of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- 132. The applicants for the '861 Patent did not cite the WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication to the Patent Office as prior art to any of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- 133. The applicants for the '861 Patent did not cite the '987 Patent to the Patent Office as prior art to any of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- 134. The applicants for the '861 Patent did not cite to the Patent Office as prior art to any of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) any reference having the same or substantially the same disclosure as the Sibert article.
- 135. The applicants for the '861 Patent did not cite to the Patent Office as prior art to any of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) any reference having the same or substantially the same disclosure as the WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication.
- 136. The applicants for the '861 Patent did not cite to the Patent Office as prior art to any of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) any reference having the same or substantially the same disclosure as the '987 Patent.
- 137. The Sibert article is not merely cumulative over any reference cited as prior art during the prosecution of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).

-15-

4	
-	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22 -	
23	
24	I
25	
26	ı
27	

1

2

3

	138.	The WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication is not merely cumulative over any
reference cited	as prio	r art during the prosecution of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).

- 139. The '987 Patent is not merely cumulative over any reference cited as prior art during the prosecution of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- 140. On information and belief, one or more of the '861 Patent applicants believed, during pendency of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804), that the Sibert article disclosed an embodiment of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- 141. InterTrust contends that none of the '861 Patent applicants believed, during pendency of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804), that the Sibert article discloses an embodiment of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- 142. On information and belief, one or more of the '861 Patent applicants believed, during pendency of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804), that the WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication disclosed an embodiment of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- 143. InterTrust contends that none of the '861 Patent applicants believed, during pendency of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804), that the WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication discloses an embodiment of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- 144. On information and belief, one or more of the '861 Patent applicants believed, while the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) was pending, that the Sibert article was material to the patentability of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804), but, with deceptive intent, failed to disclose that reference as prior art to the Patent Office.
- 145. On information and belief, one or more of the '861 Patent applicants believed, while the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) was pending, that the WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication was material to the patentability of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804), but, with deceptive intent, failed to disclose that reference as prior art to the Patent Office.

-16-

ORRICK HERRINGTON

SUTCLIFFE LLP

1	146. On information and belief, one or more of the '861 Patent applicants
2	believed, while the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) was pending, that the '987 Patent
3	was material to the patentability of claims 29-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804
4	but, with deceptive intent, failed to disclose that reference as prior art to the Patent Office.
5	147. The '861 Patent is unenforceable due to the inequitable conduct of the '80
6	Patent applicants and/or agents before the Patent and Trademark Office in connection with the
7	'861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
8	148. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 220
.9	exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to
10	whether the claims of the '861 Patent are enforceable.
11	COUNT X - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT
12	OF UNENFORCEABILITY OF THE '900 PATENT
13	149. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims, as if
14	fully restated herein.
15	150. The application and issued claims of the '900 Patent were not and are not
16	entitled to the benefit of any application filing date prior to August 30, 1996, under 35 U.S.C. §
17	120 or otherwise.
18	151. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 31-32 of its Counterclaims, as
19	fully restated herein.
20	152. The Sibert article is prior art to the application and issued claims of the
21	'900 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b).
22	153. The Sibert article was material to the patentability of application and issu
23	claims of the '900 Patent, including, for example, issued claims 86 and 182.
24	154. One or more of the '900 Patent applicants knew of the July 1995
25	publication of the Sibert article while the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206) was pending
26	155. On information and belief, one or more of the attorneys who prosecuted
27	assisted in the prosecution of the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206) knew of the July 199
28	publication of the Sibert article while the '900 Patent application was pending. DOCSSVI:160096.1 Microsoft Corporation's Amended Answer and

\cdot		
believed, while the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) was pending, that th	e '987 Patent	
was material to the patentability of claims 29-129 of the '861 Patent application	(SN 08/805,804),	
but, with deceptive intent, failed to disclose that reference as prior art to the Pater	nt Office.	
147. The '861 Patent is unenforceable due to the inequitable co	nduct of the '861	
Patent applicants and/or agents before the Patent and Trademark Office in conne	ction with the	
'861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).		
148. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §	§ 2201 and 2202,	
exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, wit	th respect to	
whether the claims of the '861 Patent are enforceable.		
COUNT X - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF UNENFORCEABILITY OF THE '900 PATENT		
149. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Cour	nterclaims, as if	
fully restated herein.		
150. The application and issued claims of the '900 Patent were	not and are not	
entitled to the benefit of any application filing date prior to August 30, 1996, unc	ier 35 U.S.C. §	
120 or otherwise.		
151. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 31-32 of its Co	ounterclaims, as if	
fully restated herein.		
152. The Sibert article is prior art to the application and issued	claims of the	
'900 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b).		
153. The Sibert article was material to the patentability of appl	ication and issued	
claims of the '900 Patent, including, for example, issued claims 86 and 182.		
154. One or more of the '900 Patent applicants knew of the Jul	y 1995	
publication of the Sibert article while the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206) was pending.		
155. On information and belief, one or more of the attorneys w	ho prosecuted or	
assisted in the prosecution of the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206) knew	of the July 1995	
publication of the Sibert article while the '900 Patent application was pending.		

-17-

COUNTERCLAIMS TO INTERTRUST'S THIRD AMENDED

COMPLAINT: CASE NO. C 01-1640 SBA

2 ORRICK
HERRINGTON
& SUTCLIFFE LLP
SILICON VALLEY

1	156. The applicants for the '900 Patent did not cite the Sibert article to the
2	Patent Office as prior art to any claims of the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206).
3	157. The applicants for the '900 Patent did not cite to the Patent Office as prior
4	art to any claims of the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206) any reference having the same or
5	substantially the same disclosure as the Sibert article.
6	158. The Sibert article is not merely cumulative over any reference cited as prior
7	art during the prosecution of the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206).
8	159. On information and belief, one or more of the '900 Patent applicants
9	believed, during pendency of claim 1 of the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206), that the
10	Sibert article disclosed an embodiment of claim 1 of the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206).
11	160. On information and belief, one or more of the '900 Patent applicants
12	believed, while the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206) was pending, that the Sibert article
13	was material to the patentability of various claims of the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206),
14	but, with deceptive intent, failed to disclose that reference as prior art to the Patent Office.
15	161. The '900 Patent is unenforceable due to the inequitable conduct of the '900
16	Patent applicants before the Patent and Trademark Office in connection with the '900 Patent
17	application (SN 08/706,206).
18	162. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202,
19	exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to
20	whether the claims of the '900 Patent are enforceable.
21	COUNT XI - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF UNENFORCEABILITY
22	163. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 and 30-85 of its
23	Counterclaims, as if fully restated herein.
24	164. The '891 Patent, the '912 Patent, the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '861
25	Patent, and the '900 Patent are referred to as the Count XI Patents.
26	165. In prosecuting, marketing, and enforcing the Count XI Patents, InterTrust
27	has engaged in a pattern of obfuscation as to the scope of the patents, the prior art to the patents,
28	and the alleged "inventions" of the patents. For example, InterTrust has accused non-infringing

1	products of infringement, has buried Patent Office Examiners with a collection of more than 400
2	references, many of which were not related to the particular claims in issue, and has buried the
3	Examiners with hundreds or thousands of pages of redundant, verbose, unclear text, effectively
4	prohibiting a real comparison of the alleged "invention" versus the prior art. This pattern of
5	intentional conduct constitutes an abuse of the patent system, unclean hands, misuse and illegal
6	extension of the patent right, rendering the Count XI patents unenforceable, as well as invalid
7	under Section 112.
8	166. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202,
9:	exists between Microsoft, on the one-hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to
10	whether the claims of the '891 Patent, the '912 Patent, the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '861
11	Patent, and the '900 Patent are enforceable.
12	COUNT XII - INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 6,049,671
13	OF U.S. TATEMT NO. 5,542,571
14	167. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 2-3 of its Counterclaims, as if
15	fully restated herein.
16	168. This Court has exclusive subject matter jurisdiction over Microsoft's cause
17	of action for patent infringement under Title 28, United States Code, Sections 1331 and 1338, and
18	under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35 of the United States Code.
19	169. U.S. Patent No. 6,049,671 ("the '671 Patent") issued to Microsoft
20	Corporation as the assignee of Benjamin W. Slivka and Jeffrey S. Webber on April 11, 2000.
21	170. A true copy of the '671 Patent is attached as Exhibit C to Microsoft's
22	counterclaims filed in response to InterTrust's Second Amended Complaint, and is incorporated
23	herein by reference.
24	171. Microsoft owns all right, title and interest in the '671 Patent.
25	172. InterTrust has had actual notice of the '671 Patent.
26	173. InterTrust has infringed one or more claims of the '671 Patent, in violation
27	of at least 35 U.S.C. § 271(a, b, c).

DOCSSV1:160096.1

	·	
1	174. InterTrust's infringement of the '671 Patent has caused and will continue to	
2	cause Microsoft damage, including irreparable harm for which it has no adequate remedy at law.	
3	COUNT XIII - INFRINGEMENT	
4	OF U.S. PATENT NO. 6,256,668	
5	175. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 2-3 and 91 of its Counterclaims,	
6	as if fully restated herein.	
7	176. U.S. Patent No. 6,256,668 B1 ("the '668 Patent") issued to Microsoft	
8	Corporation as the assignee of Benjamin W. Slivka and Jeffrey S. Webber on July 3, 2001.	
- 9 -	177. A true copy of the '668 Patent is attached as Exhibit D to Microsoft's	
10	counterclaims filed in response to InterTrust's Second Amended Complaint, and is incorporated	
11	herein by reference.	
12	178. Microsoft owns all right, title and interest in the '668 Patent.	
13	179. InterTrust has had actual notice of the '668 Patent.	
14	180. InterTrust has infringed one or more claims of the '668 Patent, in violation	
15	of at least 35 U.S.C. § 271(a, b, c).	
. 16	181. InterTrust's infringement of the '668 Patent has caused and will continue to	
17	cause Microsoft damage, including irreparable harm for which it has no adequate remedy at law.	
18	PRAYER FOR RELIEF	
19	WHEREFORE, Microsoft prays for the following relief:	
20	A. The Court enter judgment against InterTrust, and dismiss with prejudice,	
21	any and all claims of the Third Amended Complaint;	
22	B. The Court enter judgment declaring that Microsoft has not infringed,	
23	contributed to infringement of, or induced infringement of the '683 Patent;	
24	C. The Court enter judgment declaring that Microsoft has not infringed,	
25	contributed to infringement of, or induced infringement of the '193 Patent;	
26	D. The Court enter judgment declaring that Microsoft has not infringed,	
27	contributed to infringement of, or induced infringement of the '504 Patent;	
28	E. The Court enter judgment declaring that Microsoft has not infringed,	

1	contributed to infringement of, or induced infringement of the '861 Patent;
2	F. The Court enter judgment declaring that Microsoft has not infringed,
.3	contributed to infringement of, or induced infringement of the '900 Patent;
4	G. The Court enter judgment declaring that Microsoft has not infringed,
5	contributed to infringement of, or induced infringement of the '891 Patent;
6	H. The Court enter judgment declaring that Microsoft has not infringed,
7	contributed to infringement of, or induced infringement of the '912 Patent;
8	I. The Court enter judgment declaring that the '683 Patent is invalid;
9	The Court enter-judgment declaring that the '193-Patent is invalid;
10	K. The Court enter judgment declaring that the '504 Patent is invalid;
11	L. The Court enter judgment declaring that the '861 Patent is invalid;
12	M. The Court enter judgment declaring that the '900 Patent is invalid;
13	N. The Court enter judgment declaring that the '891 Patent is invalid;
14	O. The Court enter judgment declaring that the '912 Patent is invalid;
15	P. The Court enter judgment declaring that the '861 Patent is unenforceable
16	due to inequitable conduct;
17	Q. The Court enter judgment declaring that the '900 Patent is unenforceable
18	due to inequitable conduct;
19	R. The Court enter judgment declaring that each of the '891 Patent, the '912
20	Patent, the '683-Patent, the '193-Patent, the '861-Patent and the '900-Patent is unenforceable due
21	to an abuse of the patent system, unclean hands, and misuse and illegal extension of the patent
22	right;
23	S. The Court enter judgment that InterTrust has infringed the '671 Patent;
24	T. The Court enter judgment that InterTrust has infringed the '668 Patent;
25	U. The Court enter a permanent injunction prohibiting InterTrust, its officers,
26	agents, servants, employees, and all persons in active concert or participation with any of them
27	from infringing the '671 and '668 Patents;

1	. V.	The Court award damages and attorney fees against InterTrust pursuant to
2	the provisions of 3	5 U.S.C §§ 284 and 285.
3	W.	The Court award to Microsoft pre-judgment interest and the costs of this
4	action.	
5	X.	The Court award to Microsoft its reasonable costs and attorneys' fees; and
6	Y.	The Court grant to Microsoft such other and further relief as may be
7	deemed just and a	opropriate.
8		JURY DEMAND
9	Pur	suant to Fed-R. Civ. P. 38(b), Defendant Microsoft Corporation demands a
10	trial by jury.	
11	DATED: Novemb	er 14, 2001
12		WILLIAM L. ANTHONY ERIC L. WESENBERG
13		MARK R. WEINSTEIN ORRICK HERRINGTON & SUTCLIFFE, LLP
14		1000 Marsh Road Menlo Park, CA 94025
15		Telephone: 650-614-7400
16		STEVEN ALEXANDER KRISTIN L. CLEVELAND
17		JAMES E. GERINGER JOHN D. VANDENBERG
18		KLARQUIST SPARKMAN, LLP One World Trade Center, Suite 1600
19		121 S.W. Salmon Street Portland, OR 97204
20		Telephone: (503) 226-7391
21		Attorneys for Defendant Microsoft Corporation
22	Of Counsel:	
23	T. ANDREW CU One Microsoft W	LBERT, Esq.
24	Building 8 Redmond, WA 9	
25	Phone: 425-882-	8080
26		
27		

I am more than eighteen years old and not a party to this action. My place of 2 employment and business address is 1000 Marsh Road, Menlo Park, California 94025. 3 On November 14, 2001, I served: 4 MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO 5 INTERTRUST'S THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT 6 By transmitting a copy of the above-listed document(s) in PDF form via electronic mail Michael 7 H. Page at mhp@kvn.com, Christopher P. Isaac at chris.isaac@finnegan.com, Stephen E. 8 Taylor at staylor@tcolaw.com and James E. Geringer at james.geringer@klarquist.com and 9 The second secon also by placing true and correct copies of the above documents in an envelope addressed to: 11 Christopher P. Isaac, Esq. John W. Keker, Esq. FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, Michael H. Page, Esq. GARRETT & DUNNER LLP KEKER & VAN NEST, LLP 1300 I. Street, N.W. 710 Sansome Street Washington, DC 20005-3314 San Francisco, California 94111 Tel. No. 202-408-4000 Tel. No. 415-391-5400 Fax No. 202-408-4400 Fax No. 415-397-7188 15 Email: chris.isaac@finnegan.com Email: jwk@kvn.com Email: mhp@kvn.com Attorneys for Plaintiff 16 INTERTRUST TECHNOLOGIES Attorneys for Plaintiff 17 CORPORATION INTERTRUST TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION 18 19 John D. Vandenberg, Esq. Stephen E. Taylor, Esq. 20 TAYLOR & CO. LAW OFFICES James E. Geringer, Esq. KLARQUIST, SPARKMAN, CAMPBELL, 1050 Marina Village Parkway, Suite 101 21 LEIGH & WHINSTON LLP Alameda, CA 94501 Tel. No. 510-865-9401 One World Trade Center 121 S. W. Salmon Street, Suite 1600 Fax No. 510-865-9408 Portland, Oregon 97204 23 Email: staylor@tcolaw.com Tel. No: 503-226-7391 Attorneys for Plaintiff Fax No: 503-228-9446 INTERTRUST TECHNOLOGIES Email: john.vandenberg@klarquist.com 25 CORPORATION Email: james.geringer@klarquist.com 26 Attorneys for Defendant and Counterclaimant, MICROSOFT 27 CORPORATION

DECLARATION OF SERVICE VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL AND U.S. MAIL

ORRICK, HERRINGTON
& SUTCLIFFE LLP

28

1

DOCSSV1:164899.1

and sealing the envelope, affixing adequate first-class postage and depositing it in the U.S. mail at Menlo Park, California. Executed on November 14, 2001at Menlo Park, California. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. (SIGNATURE) (PRINT NAME)

ORRICK, HERRINGTON
& SUTCLIFFE LLP
ATTORNEYS AT LAW

DOCSSV1:164899.1